foreign Office Experts Will Soon Submit Text to the Kaiser.

WILL TRY TO MAKE ANSWER DEFINITE

Guns on Lusitania To Be Minor Points.

oncerning Ger-erface, and the

next week. uch naval writ the regulation serve the regulations ion and search under it might be expected twould be the kernel the Foreign Office, ems to be an impresti will appear only as to f the reply, if at attempt will be made nswer to President figure promi-Considerable chich the steamship it touches e the war began.
named Emil Grabe,
sees in an affidavit
t he sailed for four including the retania. He

Cor of a peaceful set-United States. Sev-ad commercial leaders appeared in Berlin e last few days to use their personally to this end.

Mauretania.

### MERICAN'S U-BOAT STORY MODIFIED

w Yorker Told Embassy Camronia Chased Submarine-Tells Tribune He Saw None.

-Robert Fletcher, of

THE POPE GRIEVES

wart. We do not give judgment: the

At least one can protest against

strest of a prince of the Church," fixed the correspondent. Ishall surprise you: Cardinal Mer-

arrested," replied the Pope. "He go about his diocese as he pleases.

Pape Deplores Lusitania Sinking.

spondent as saying: "I do not a more frightful transaction.

tenstricts two empires, which con-

ous, recalling and summing up trines of the Church on this and regulating for the future outs and duties of belligerents.

was pointed out to the Pope that the regretted to see that he had

to prevent Italy from par-

ige is on high."

alleged to have said, and managed to submerse itself before the ship reached it. The Cameronia then took a zigzag course at full speed in order to avoid

course at full speed in order to avoid being torpedoed.

At the Carlton Hotel to-night Mr. Fletcher told The Tribune correspondent: "I didn't see any submarines during the voyage, although it was reported some were sighted. On Sunday a Scotch passenger told me he was endeck at 4 o'clock in the morning and saw a submarine off the starbeard bow about a quarter of a mile away. I didn't see the captain yesterday and so was not able to confirm this story, but I heard nothing about submarines from any officer during the voyage."

The discrepancy between the two stories appears likely to have been caused by a hint to Mr. Fletcher from responsible quarters not to talk. Other American passengers arriving on the American passengers arriving on the bost, however, say they saw nothing of any submarine.

### 3.372 OFFICERS KILLED

Commanders Wounded

London, June 21.—The British army casualty lists up to June 9 show that since the beginning of the war 3.372 officers have been killed, 6,651 wounded and 1,049 missing, making a total of 11,072. From May 19 to June 9 703 officers were killed, 1,407 wounded and

### U. S. TO PROTEST MISUSE OF FLAG

Note — Officials See Trouble with Germany.

in the note that is expected to go for ward soon. Just when the communi-cation will be sent has not been determined and is dependent somewhat upon the progress of negotiations with Ger-many relating to submarine warfare. Germany's recent claim that the sub-marine U-29 was rammed and sunk by British steamer flying the Swedish

"An immediate counter attack en-cially called to the attention of the United States, but there is no attempt to deny that the misuse of neutral flags extent of our initial positions. The by the enemies of Germany might tend to complicate the issue between Washand the imperial government regulation of submarine activi-

### GERMAN DOCTOR ATTENDING SULTAN

Berlin, June 21.-Professor James Adolf Israel, the widely known German specialist, is at the bedside of Sultan Mehmed at Constantinople, according to the "Tageblatt." He was commissioned by the Turkish Embassy here on June 11 to go to Turkey. Professor parties, keeping in contact with the enemy, reached the works to the west of Gondrexon, and found them unoc-cupied. The Germans, in their with-American Emnis met a Gere mouth of the Israel is the Sultan's guest at the Yilhat the captain in the hope of the end of next week.

The nature of the Turkish ruler's danger, he is ailment has not been disclosed.

The nature of the Turkish ruler's danger, he is ailment has not been disclosed.

in the course of uninterrupted en-gagements. After having taken the metery of Metzeral, we occupied the tion, and then attacked the village, ich we captured after a very hot it. We have reached the which we captured after a very hot fight. We have reached the outlets south of that localit; and have pushed our line to the east 550 yards beyond the outskirts in the direction of Meyer-

were the preceding gains.

on the western border of the Argonne we opened the attack. The Wirtemburg, and the North German landsturm took several lines of defence works situated one behind the other over a front of two kilometres (a mile and one-fifth) and inflicted heavy losses on the French. During the unsuccessful counter attack by the French the prisoners and booty taken in this fighting amounted to six officers and 623 men, three machine guns and three mine throwers. mine throwers.

French Attacks Broken.

"In the Meuse hills the French di-"In the Meuse hills the French directed strong attacks last evening against our positions in the trenches to the west of Les Eparges, but at a point to the west of the high road their conslaughts broke down under our fire. To the east of the high road, however, the great properties of the heavy stalian artillery against our fortifications has been un-

ward by way of Gondrenton to the main positions to the north of Lunewille.

save one of the way of the Fecht and south of this position were repulsed south of this position were repulsed to the south of t

Battle Between Men and Machines Closing

the way for the advance of their bat

The Russians have stood against this unexampled fre and yielded ground inch by inch, destroying one after another of the enemy's units and yet have been compelled to retire gradually from point to point under the binding, deafening shower of German explosives. By day the Germans hurl on the Russian trenches tons of fron, forcing the Russians to abandon cover. By night the Russians return, shoot and bayonet the German infantry and recover the trenches, only to repeat the same process on succeeding days.

There are intervals of real human battles in the green cornfields and on the banks of swiftly flowing rivers, but in the main this is a battle between AROUND SOUCHEZ London, June 21.-Paris continues to report French advances, especially in the region of Arras. Here, it is asserted, progress has been made in the

German army, whatever sacri-of territory this may involve the Lorraine district and in the Vosges. fices of territory this may involve. In the latteer region the French claim Lemberg is now threatened. The Gerthe Lorraine district and in the Vosges. to have made an advasce beyond the cemetery at Metzeral, the loss of which

From the northwest, est German columns are advancing through Rawaruska on Lemberg, on the high road between Jaworow and Lemberg, on the Grodek Lakes and on the Sambor-Lemberg rail-way to the south of the lakes. The roar of artillery is heard in Lem-berg, and thousands of the inhabitants re yesterday made further progress in the direction of Souchez by the occu-

are leaving the city. The sacrifice of Lemberg will be extremely painful to the Russians, but the national spirit is now aroused to a pitch of fierce de-termination, and to wear down and ultimately defeat the Germans it is pre-"Our air squadrons effectively bom- than this

## **AUSTRIANS RUSH UP NEW FORCES** TO SAVE TRIESTE

Pola Hurried Northward Along Coast.

were concentrated at Pola with the object of checking the Italian advance while the government will be over

to withstand a long siege, the Austrians are pessimistic, fearing that if the Italians are aided by an Anglo-French naval force they will succeed in taking the fortess.

which we captured after a very hot ight. We have reached the outlets outh of that localit; and have pushed our line to the east 550 yards beyond the outskirts in the direction of Meyeroff.

"In these actions we tool: some prisciple the total since years, belonging the total since years, and better organized remove attractive. I must say use additional property of the total since years."

"In these actions we tool: some prisciple the total since years, and better organized remove attractive. I must say use additional property in the total since years."

"In the severe storms of captured after the severe storms of such that it is the present that the severe storms of such that is the property of the total since years."

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message from the commander of his brigade, but as they were without written authority both were made pris-

on the Carinthian frontier. An attack

### ALLIES HAMMER AT TURKISH FORT

Warship Bombards Seddul Bahr and Asiatic Batteries-Turks

BRITAIN CALLS ON OWN PEOPLE FOR BIG LOAN

Definite Limit.

to Invest Their Savings at

Good Interest.

By Cable to The Tribune 1

the government the House of Com-

mons authorized to-day an unlimited

internal war loan to meet whatever

over revenue for the year.

to raise a loan in America.

may be the excess of expenditures

The speech of Reginald McKenna

Chancellor of the Exchequer, introduc-

ing the resolution authorizing the loan,

caused considerable surprise in the

London, June 21 .- At the request of

SMALL VOUCHERS

You will be enriched by knowing Colonel Nelson Commons Authorizes Is- of the Kansas City "Star." sue of Bonds Without Occasionally there comes a perfect FOR LIGHT PURSES tribute such as this of William Allen Poor Classes Given the Chance White to Nelson

This country never will leave its cred itors in the lurch, and the governmen

Concerning Consols.

House. Many members of Parliament Concerning consols, Mr. McKenna were still under the impression that another internal loan would not be o-day at which dealings were permit tried for the present, being unaware If that minimum were that the government, through the Bank would be still lower. Therefore, he aid to the holders of consols: "If of England, had for the time being, as stated in The Tribune dispatch of June 18, put aside all thought of attempting will allow you 75 per cent on consols for each £50 in the new loan." General satisfaction was expressed

General satisfaction was expressed in the lobby that inducements were being held out for the poorer classes to take part in the loan, thus both exercising thrift and making one parameters. In the new loan. In this, Mr. McKenna explained, meant that consols were re-exchangeable at a price of 662-3. Application must be made before October 13. The Chancellor said if consols were all consols were a exercising thrift and making one patriotic act possible for even the humblest members of the community. On the other hand, there is a general belief that allowing an issue of so small a denomination as a five shilling sion. This element of uncertainty made it unwise to fix a limit to the loan, and the government consequently for every complete month, may have ton, and the government consequently was not making any limit other than the expenditure of the year.

The Chancellor then explained the method by which he intended to let the people utilize their savings. While consequences entirely unanticipated by

the minimum subscription through the Bank of England would be £100, the government had in view three methods of issue to meet every class and purse; the first through the Bank of England, the second the sale of \$5 to \$25 bonds through postoffices, the third the sale of war loan vouchers for five shillings and multiples thereof. These vouch ers will be offered for sale at postof fices, trades union headquarters, etc.
They will carry interest at the rate of
5 per cent per annum for every complete calendar month. The vouchers,
when a total of £5 has been purchased,
will be exchangeable at postoffices for
a £5 hond.

This arrangement will give the working class every advantage accorded to others. The allotments will be made on application and lists will be closed on or before July 10.

To Take Up War Loan

says that almost before Chancellor McKenna had concluded his speech announcing the new war loan there was a rush of would-be investors. When the Bank of England closed its normal business day long queues of men were ined up, patiently waiting the issue of

On the merits of the issue there was but one opinion, and that was that it was the most attractive investment which had been offered to capitalists amounts through the p rade unions and friendly societies. The prospectus was issued at 7:30

# Already \$3,123,000,000

Paris, June 21. The total amount of credits voted by France since the beginning of the war exceeds 15,615,000. 000 francs (\$3.123,000,000), according to a statement by Albert Metin, general budget reporter of the Chamber of

in this week's

therefore proposes to give the new rights to holders of the old war loan.

London Throng Eager

[By Cable to The Tribune.] London, June 21.—"The Daily News" iys that almost before Chancellor e prospectus.

J.M. Bidding & Co. Clearance)

Suits -of cloth-\$15-\$25-\$35

Suits -of linen-\$22-\$28-\$35 Formerly \$35 to \$55

Gowns-of silk & cloth-\$25 & \$45

Formerly \$45 to \$125

Summer Dresses Formerly \$35 to \$55\_\$25

Wraps -\$25-\$45-\$75
Formerly \$45 to \$135

Coats -\$19\_\$25\_\$35

Broken lines, in fashionable models, of high-class materials, Shantung Motor Coats, \$25, \$35. Linen Coats, \$9, \$18, \$25.

Millinery -\$5-\$10-\$15 Beach, Outing and Garden Styles-Formerly \$10 to \$35. \$5-for Remaining Spring Millinery,

Blouses\_\$6\_\$8\_\$10\_\$12

Of lingerie and linen-\$25 & \$28 Lace costume blouses, at \$12

### KIPLING DEMANDS **END OF GERMANY**

Says War Must Not End Until She Is Thrust from Among Nations.

(By Cable to The Tribune.) addressing 10,000 people at a recruit-ing meeting at Southport last night,

said:
"The German went into this war with a mind which had been carefully trained out of the idea of every moral sense or obligation, private, public or international. He does not recognize the existence of any law, least of all those he has substribed to himself in

those he has substribed to himself in making war against combatants or non-combatants, men, women and children. "All mankind bears witness to-day that there is no crime, no cruelty, no abomination that the mind of man can conceive which the German has not perpetrated, is not perpetrating and will not perpetrate if he is allowed to go on. These horrors and perversions were not invented by him on the spur

working working with the working with the state of the can get his money back when he requires it.

War Budget

of him, of all he does, saye, him, of all he

bership and the memory of the nations.
"We have no reason to believe that
Germany will break up suddenly and
dramatically. She took two generations dramatically. She took two generations to prepare herself in every detail and through every fibre of her national being for this war. She is playing for the highest stakes in the world—the dominion of the world. It seems to me that she must either win or bleed to death almost where her lines run to-

to a statement by Albert Methi, gently the highest stakes in the world its bedget reporter of the Chamber of Deputies. The provisional credit for the third three months of the present year, it is estimated, will be 5,940,000, 1000 francs (\$1,188,000,000). Of this amount the budget committee has requested some reduction as to civil employes.

In adding certain expenses and taking care of increases in soldiers' pensions, Mr. Metin says that France's war budget can be estimated at about 22,000,000,000 francs (\$4,400,000,000) a month. If the war continues, M. Metin adds, the time is not far off when the country will spend 3,000,000 francs (\$600,000) an hour, or 50,000 francs (\$10,000) a minute.

Therefore we and our allies must continue to pass our children through the to Moloch until Moloch perish.

"In Beigium at this hour several million Belgians are making war material or fortifications for their continue to pass our children through the total most where her lines run to down.

"Therefore we and our allies must either win or bleed to death almost where her lines run to down.

"In Beigium at this hour several million Belgians are making war material or fortifications for their continues. They are given enough food to support life as the German thinks it should be supported by the way, I believe the United States of America supplies a large part of that food. In return they are compelled to work at the point of the bayonet. If they object they are shot. They have no more property and no more rights than cathery that they are not lift a hand to pro-

DELICIOUS COFFEE BEST AT 24c A POUND

The Importers' Price for Mansion Blend

Roasted Fresh Daily.

Money Back on Request. London, June 21.—Rudyard Kipling. Five Pounds Delivered Free ALICE FOOTE MACDOUGALL

138 Front Street.

While Planning Vacation DAILY VACATION BIBLE SCHOOL ASSOCIATION

To Give Outings \$10 Provides for 10 Children

power of darkness, with whom any peace except on our own terms would be more terrible than any war,"

### DYNAMITE WRECKS UNIFORM FACTORY

Attempt Also Made to Destroy Armory at Windsor-Inquiry Begun.

Windsor, Ontario, June 21. - Word was received this afternoon from Lieutenant Colonel W. A. McCrimmon, acting assistant adjutant general, of London, Ontario, that he will come here personally to conduct the investigation into an attempt early to-day to wreck by dynamite the overali factory of the Peabody Company, of Walkerville, a suburb, and the local armory. The at-tempt to destroy the factory, where war orders for clothing have been in war orders of completion, was partly suc-cessful, about \$10,000 worth of damage being done. The dynamite beneath the armory, however, failed to explode.

The military and civit authorities claim to have detailed descriptions of two men who are alleged to have placed a suitcase containing twenty-six sticks of dynamita, with a time fuse, beneath the rear wall of the armory. It is gen-erally believed the same men plotted to wreck the overall factory. Detroit German-Americans take ex-

ception to the report that German sympathizers in that city were responsible for the affair. "I do not believe that it was the work of any German sympathizer," declared Dr. Emil Rosinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtverband. "What advantage would be cained by destroying a place where over the revenue.

The loan will be put out at par and will bear interest at the rate of 4½ per cent. Holders of the first war loan and of consols and annuities will be given the privilege of converting on specified terms.

KEARTON, FILM MAN, the argument of outrage which is within the property and no more rights than catinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtle, and they cannot lift a hand to property and no more rights than catinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtle, and they cannot lift a hand to property and no more rights than catinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtle, and they cannot lift a hand to property and no more rights than catinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtle, and they cannot lift a hand to property and no more rights than catinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtle, and they cannot lift a hand to property and no more rights than catinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtle, and they cannot lift a hand to property and no more rights than catinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtle, and they cannot lift a hand to property and no more rights than catinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtle, and they cannot lift a hand to property and no more rights than catinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtle, and they cannot lift a hand to property and no more rights than catinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtle, and they cannot lift a hand to property and no more rights than catinger, secretary of the Michigan Stadtle, and they cannot lift a hand to property and no more rights than catinger.

## Bubbling with rare delicacy, freshness and thirst-quenching

tle tonight. Tilford, Charles & Co., Acker, Merrall & Condit

# SPARKLING Londonderry

qualities, Londonderry is by all means the carbonated water for the connoisseur's high ball-the bonvivant's table beverage. Try a bot-

Co., and others who supply the critical. Served at the better hotels, cafes

## FRENCH CROWD FOES IN ALSACE FARTHER BACK Advance Beyond Town of Metzeral, Loss of Which

Berlin Admits.

Brings Joffre's Troops to

Northwest of Village.

town is now officially admitted by Ber-

The official report issued by the

pation of several trenches and by draw-

ing near to the northwest side of the

village. We have conserved all the

barded the aviation parks of the enemy,

Vienne le Chateau to Binarville, the

Germans on Sunday night delivered a

violent attack for which preparations had been made by an intense bombard-

ment with asphyxiating projectiles.

Our advance line was bent at certain

points, two companies being buried in

"An immediate counter attack

struggle was particularly spirited.

"On the heights of the Meuse,

the sector of the Calonne trench, after the sector of the Calonic trench, are having repulsed counter attacks by the enemy, we enlarged to-day our rains of yesterday. A first attack made only slight progress. A second attack, on the other hand, enabled us

arry new trenches to the east of which we had occupied on Sun-This gain has been conserved, as

Lorraine our reconneitering

Take Metzeral Cemetery.

the overturned trenches.

French War Office says:

MAKE MORE GAINS

rish Use of Neutral Flags and Twice as Many British Army Capture of Several Trenches

efficers were killed, 1,407 wounded and 150 reported missing, or 2,260 in all.

These figures bring out the fact that the proportion of killed to wounded runs one to two, which is probably dive as much to the fact that the line officers of the lower grades are the first to leave the trenches during attacks

# Britain Will Be Warned in

Washington, June 21 .- Further representations are to be made to Great Britain by the United States government concerning the misuse of the American flag by British merchant ships. That these representations would be included in the new note to Great Britain now being prepared, relating to interpretions in neutral combatted the aviation parks of the enemy, barded the aviation parks of the enemy,

barded the aviation parks of the enemy, merce, was indicated to-day by State Department officials.

The London Foreign Office, it was officially declared, had been advised from time to time of several complaints that British steamers had displayed the American flag, but the subject now will be dealt with generally in the note that is expected to go for the content of the property of the content of the property of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of

was asked if this was not favoring the OVER LUSITANIA trail," the Pontiff replied. "We have given instructions along this line. We wanted peace, first, because I am the representative of God on earth. God

wanted peace, first, because I am the representative of God on earth, God wishes that there be peace among men, A Pope can want and preach only peace. Furthermore, because we are in Italy we wanted to have this country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears in the Pope's eyes as he said this.

The interviewer then mentioned the effect of the war on the Holly Seewhether the Pope was free and whether nearly repulsed."

Germans on Offensive.

His Hollman of guarantees His Italians, and the place of the owner and positions to deceive their antagonists rescued themselves and positions to make the north of Southers to the proposed that there was no good because the proposed that there was no good because the suffering of which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the country which we love, saved the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the suffering of war." There was a suggestion of tears of the suffering of war." There w (Archbishop of Mailines) has never His Holiness replied that there was no need of concealing that the interests of the Holy See had been considered, and added: "The state of war puts these interests in danger. We are at the present time in an uncertain situation. I must recognize that the Italian government is giving us some proofs of its good intentions. Our relations are improved, but conditions are not as yet entirely satisfactory. For example, could they not let me keep my guards intact? I need to guarantee the material security of my person and of the The Governor of Belgium, a letter wating me that he would repress state with the utmost energy all the stolence against churches and water the ministers of God." The Pope then referred to the sinking the Lusitania, and is quoted by the Exeptondent as saying: "I do not could they not let me keep my guards intact? I need to guarantee the material security of my person and of the artistic treasures which surround me. They took twenty of my guards, several officers and others whom I cannot readily replace. The Noble Guards were mobilized, but that amounted to very little healdes the grave inconvenience.

little besides the grave inconvenience of not being able to communicate with my faithful.
"The government offered the free use of cipher to the representative of the

powers accredited to us, but under the control and responsibility of the Holy See. That was too dangerous. We might have been accused of indis-cretions touching military matters. I refused this offer. was promised freedom of correy was promised received to the spendence uncontrolled by the censor, but my Secretary of State brought me this morning a letter from the Patriarch of Venice with the seals broken. At the Tribunal of Penitence, broken. At the Tribunal of Penitence, which deals only with private affairs concerning the faithful who submit to us cases of individual conscience, several letters have been received opened. "We no longer hear anything save the sound of the bell. Reports with nations enemy to Italy are suppressed.

the sound of the bell. Reports with nations enemy to Italy are suppressed. The representatives accredited to us have had to leave Rome. Our guarantees and our means are by so much weakened. We have faith in the present government, but we tremble to see ourselves exposed to the uncertainties of public life in Italy.

"Rome is a furnace in perpetual ferment. Would you say it was absurd in these last days to fear a day of revolution? What will to-morrow bring? How would the people receive defeat? How would they behave in victory?

"Every movement of this people the most impressionable of the earth has its reflex here. And we feel ourhas its reflex here. and Asiatic Batteries—Turks
of public life in hally
orrelives exposed in the uncertainties
of public life in hally
in these last days to fear a day of revooutton of the people receive defeat?
How would they behave in victory?
"Every movement of this projected by the projected of the project of the proje

Petrograd. June 21 (dispatch to "The London Daily Chronicle").—The battle in Galicia is an undying testimony to Russian heroism. For six weeks the Germans have been pressing with all their weight on the Russian armies. They poured upon them hundreds of thousands of every kind of shell; they have created an inferno in the country between the Carpathians and the Rusbetween the Carpathians and the Rus-sian frontier, and with the bodies of thousands of their own men have paved

The Russians have stood against this

direction of Souchez, and the capture in the main this is a battle between men and machines. of several trenches has brought the attackers near the northwest of the attackers near the northwest of the is steadly and successfully pursuing is steadly and successfully pursuing

mans are advancing by a series of vio-lent paroxysms, succeeded by brief periods of exhaustion and recuperation. Their last paroxysm has brought them right up to the defences of the Galician capital. From the northwest, west and southwest German columns

# Troops Concentrated at

Rome, June 21 (Dispatch to "The London Daily News"). The Austrians, days' notice. As a natural consequence fearing the investment of Pola by land of the issue of five shilling war loan

toward Trieste. Meanwhile, non-combatants are being compelled to evacuate Pola and are being sent to Fiume by steamer.

Extraordinary precautions have been taken against nerial raids, gunpowder and ammunition being stored underground. Although Pola is provisioned while the government will be overwhelmed with an extra quantity of clerical work which they at present element with an extra quantity of clerical work which they at present element with an extra quantity of clerical work which they at present thermore, as previously indicated in The Tribune, the fact that the government will be overwhelmed with an extra quantity of clerical work which they at present the present are without machinery to handle. Furthermore, as previously indicated in The Tribune, the fact that the government will be overwhelmed with an extra quantity of clerical work which they at present are without machinery to handle. Furthermore, as previously indicated in the present are without machinery to handle. Furthermore, as previously indicated in the government will be overwhelmed with an extra quantity of clerical work which they at present are without machinery to handle. Furthermore, as previously indicated in the government will be overwhelmed with an extra quantity of clerical work which they at present are without machinery to handle. Furthermore, as previously indicated in the government will be overwhelmed with an extra quantity of clerical work which they at present are without machinery to handle. Furthermore, as previously indicated in the government will be overwhelmed with an extra quantity of clerical work which they at present are without machinery to handle. Furthermore, as previously indicated in the government will be overwhelmed with an extra quantity of clerical work which they at present are without machinery to handle. Furthermore, as previously indicated in the government will be over-whelmed with an extra quantity of clerical work which they are previously indicated in the government will be over-whelmed. ground. Although Pola is provisioned

written authority both were made prisoners.
"In the district northwest of Kern,
to the east of Karfriet (Caporetto),
the enemy was repulse! from a position on the ridge. In this fighting detachments of the Dobreczin Honved
especially distinguished themselves.
Our heavy artillery has successfully
interfered with the mountain fighting
on the Carinthian frontier. An attack

To the east of the high road, however, the enemy penetrated into a portion of our positions, but they have been partly driven out again. Seventy prisoners remained in our hands.

"To the east of the high road, however, against our fortifications has been discussful."

On June 19 a torpedo beat success. fully bombarded tank and harbor buildings at Monopol. The railway stations at Bari and Brindisi have been damaged by the bombardment of our naval planes."

being held out for the poorer classes

he government. Blow to Savings Banks.

In the first place, it is asserted that this feature is going almost to ruin all savings banks, benefit societies and other institutions where the working classes place their savings. Trustee savings banks now have about £58,000,-000 deposited with the government, representing 2,000,000 depositors, while postoffice savings bank funds are about £30,000,000. The general rate of interest on all these is 2½ per cent, the same rate prevailing in all similar institutions and denosits generally being Rome, June 21 (Dispatch to "The stitutions, and deposits generally being fearing the investment of Pola by land and sea through the cutting of railway communications connecting the Istrian peninsula with the mainland, are now rushing northward the troops which smaller savings banks will be seriously affected, probably having to realize on

> A prominent banker who was present when the Chancellor's speech was delivered said to The Tribune to-night: "There were several presidents of great British banks there, and, comparing notes, we found we agreed on several first impressions, although none of us cares to express any definite opinion

vernment annuities were too comand in some respects are not quite clear quires it. in their application, but I should imagine that holders of consols will be inclined to regard their position as somewhat critical.
"But the great outstanding feature
of the situation seems to be that the
Cabinet won't get in the big investors

Cabinet won't get in the big investors except through motives of sheer patriotism. The merest tyro in finance knows that money is going to get dearer very soon, and even conservative judges regard 8 per cent as the general rate of interest within a couple of years. Big investors are not going to take 4 % per cent now, when they can get more very soon. Of course, can get more very soon. Of course, this makes it all the more admirable if the Cabinet can get all they require now, but if they do it will come from the small investor almost entirely." In asking the indefinite credit Mr. McKenna announced that he proposed

to issue a war loan, to be terminated

at the option of the government be-tween 1925 and 1945 for a sum the only limit of which will be the ex-cess of the national expenditures for war and other services for the year